Progress and Difficulties in Low-level Radioactive Waste

Disposal in Taiwan

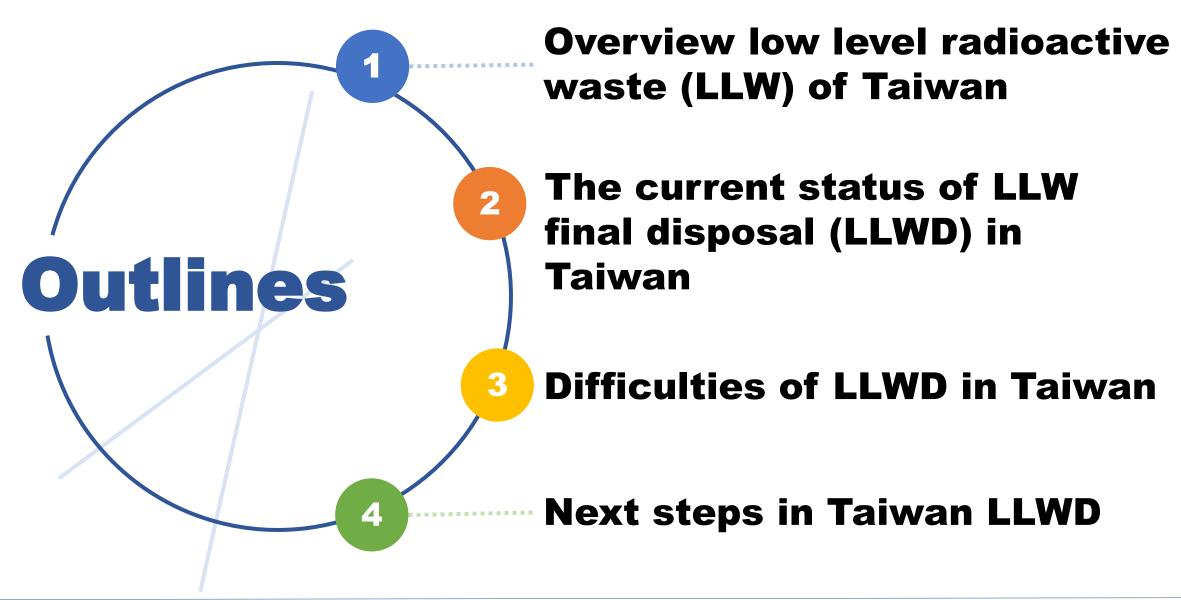






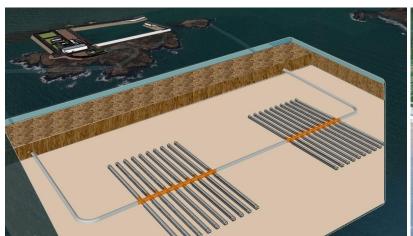
Wang, Yu-Ju

LLW Final Disposal Section, DNBM, TPC



1.

Overview LLW of Taiwan







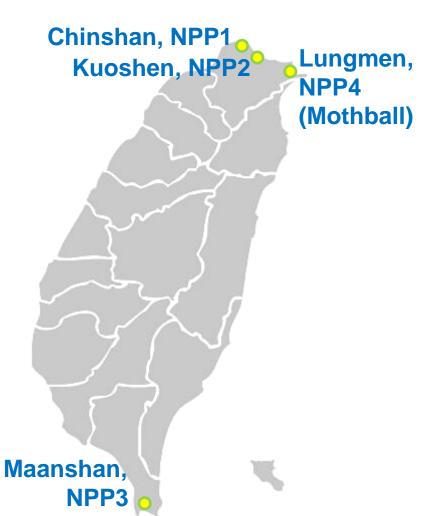






Overview of Nuclear Power Plants in Taiwan

According to nuclear-free homeland policy, all nuclear power plants will stop operating by 2025.



Plant	Chinshan	Kuosheng	Maanshan	Lungmen
Reactor Type	BWR-4	BWR-6	PWR	ABWR
Containment Type	Mark-I	Mark-III	Large, Dry Post- Tensioned	Reinforced Concrete Containment Vessel
Thermal	1,804 MWt	2,943 MWt	2,822 MWt	3,926 MWt
Electric	636 MWe	985 MWe	951 MWe	1,350 Mwe
Commercial				Mothball
Unit 1	12/6/1978	12/28/1981	7/27/1984	Mothball
Unit 2	7/16/1979	3/15/1983	5/18/1985	Mothball
Scheduled Permanent Cessation Date				
Unit 1	12/5/2018	12/27/2021	7/27/2024	
Unit 2	7/15/2019	3/14/2023	5/17/2025	

Initial estimation of radioactive waste in Taiwan

classification	source	amount	
High-level waste	• Spent fuel	NPP1:*1 6,966 bundles NPP2:*1 10,924 bundles NPP3:*1 4,320 bundles Total: *1 22,210 bundles (~ 4,913 mt-U)	
Low-level waste	 Operation & decommission of NPPs Medical(1) Agriculture(2) Industries(3) Academic institution(4) 	Operation : *2 123,500 Lanyu : *2 111,277 decommission : *3 275,640 (1)+(2)+(3)+(4) : *4 51,900 Total : *5 562,317 (unit: 55-gallon drum)	

^{*1} from "Spent Nuclear Fuel Final Disposal Program Preliminary Development of Pre-Siting Safety Case" (SNFD 2021)

^{*5} preliminary design capacity of LLW: 750,000 drums.





^{*2} from "Low-level radioactive waste final disposal technology assessment report" (in Chinese, 2017)

^{*3} from Decommission projects of NPPs: NPP1: 61,791 drums, NPP2: 131,375 drums, NPP3: 81,374drums. Numbers do not include releasable waste.

^{*4} from "Low-level radioactive waste final disposal technology assessment report" (in Chinese, 2017); number is estimated until 2025 preliminarily

Management of LLW in three NPPs and Lanyu storage facility





Low Level RadWaste Database System (LRWDS)



developing LLW classification code 「LMSN 2000」 (standalone) 2000

1995

Start studying nuclides concentration classification of LLW

LLW management system 「LRFM」

(standalone) enable

Upgrade LRWDS

2023

- ✓ Add functions...
 - Enable two-way search for containers where the waste packed by outer cabinet is located
 - 2. Enable to create data chart and the relative report

低放射性廢棄物資料庫系統

3. advance the algorithm of scaling factor estimation





Functions of LRWDS (I)

Data Data Data Calculation Input Verification Query 網站地圖 操作教學 資料輸入 資料檢核 計算功能 資料查詢 小樣品資料 小樣品資料檢核 小樣資料查詢 比例因數計算 小樣品年底活度 整桶計測資料查詢 整桶計測資料 整桶計測資料檢核 產量計算 小樣品難測核種比 分析樣品資料檢核 分析樣品資料 分析樣品查詢 活度及分類計算 整桶計測年底活度 蘭嶼廢棄物桶 操作事件查詢 暫存區資料 資料查詢 產量計算 整桶計測難測核種 比活度及分類計算 蘭嶼廢棄物桶 檢核文件上傳 比例因數查詢 廢樹脂資料暫存 及分類計算

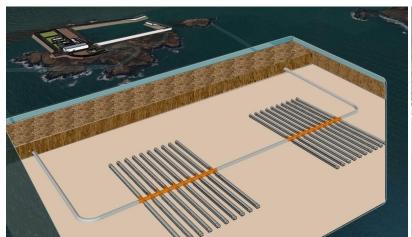
Functions of LRWDS (II)



System Parameter Setting 系統參數設定 廢棄物產生/貯存 核種衰變常數設定 單位設定 盛裝容器類別設定 機組設定 外容器類別設定 廢棄物源設定 廢棄物處理 方式設定



2. The current status of LLWD in Taiwan





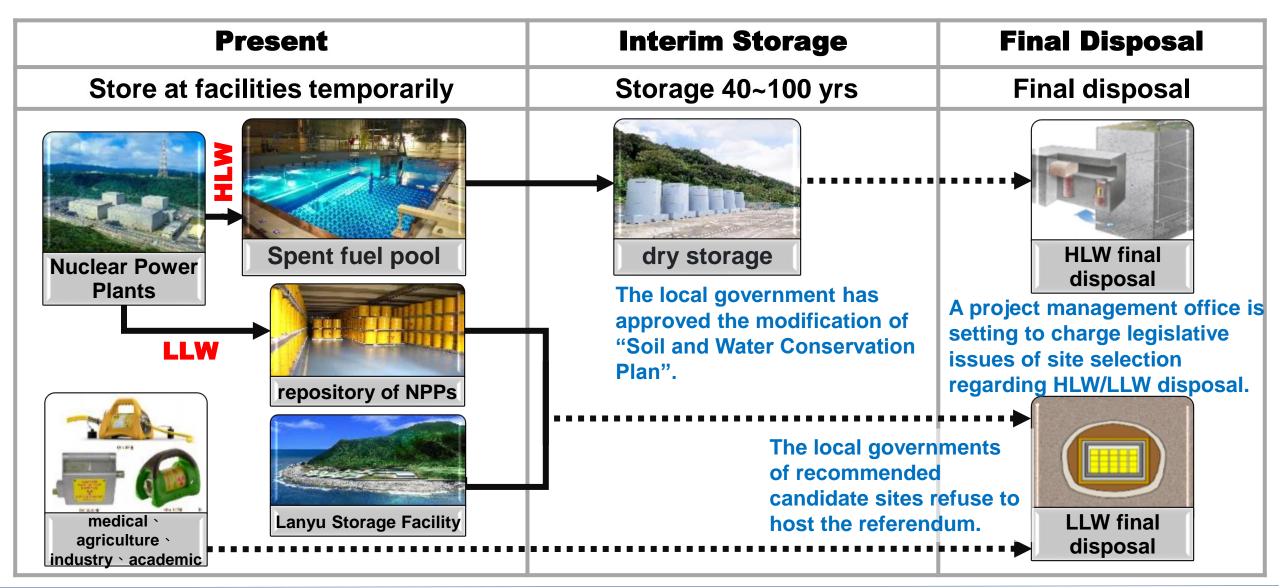




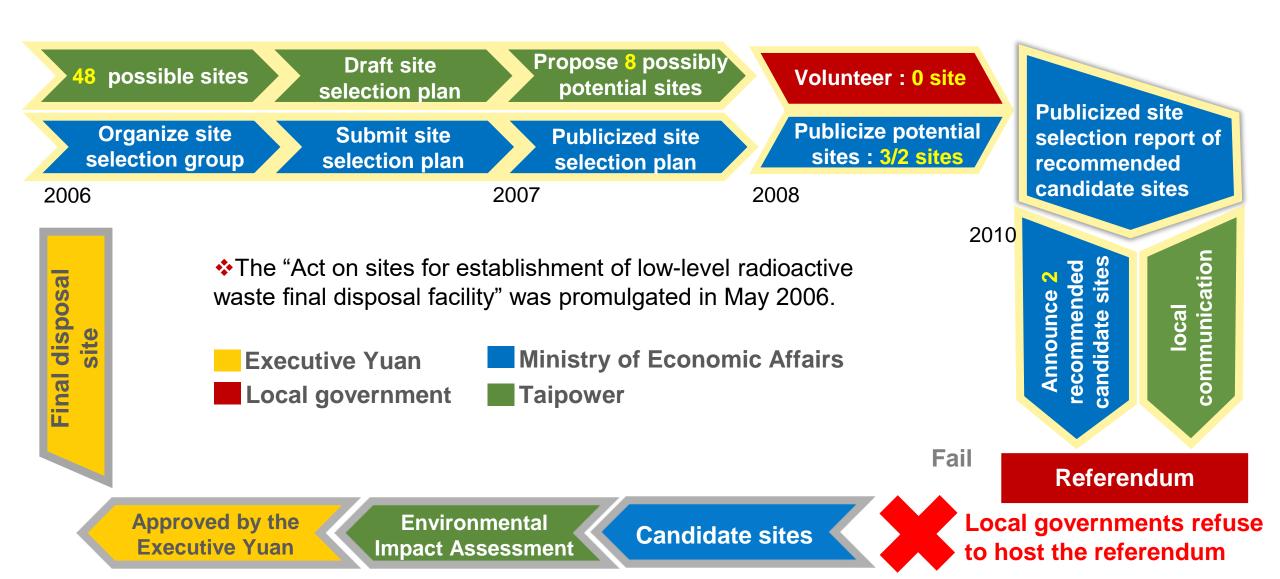




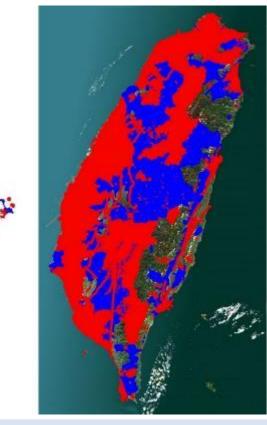
Taiwan radioactive waste management plan (original)



Site selection process in Taiwan



Site selection process and results



- Prohibited setting area
- ✓ The must not be located criteria.
- ✓ The prohibited setting area by other regulations
- Environmentally sensitive area
- ✓ The upstream basin of
 - Water supply facility
 - Water resource intake location
 - Groundwater aquifer



Potential sites (48)

Preferred: 8

Secondary: 11

Qualified: 29

Potential recommended candidate site (8)

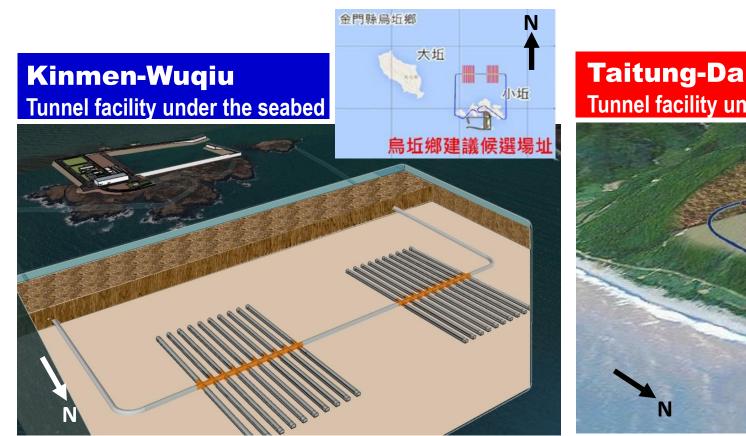
Adds prefer criteria

Recommended candidate site (2)

Voting



The conceptual LLWD facilities of two recommended candidate sites



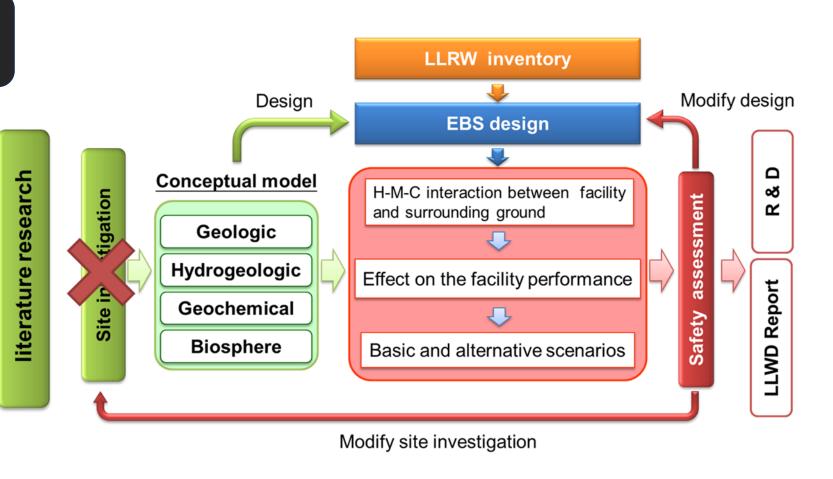


LLW disposal R&D project

The LLW disposal **R&D** project

- Started since 2013
 - LLWD2016 report
 - LLWD2020 report
- Improve technical feasibility
- Must be published every four years
- Must pass domestic/international peer reviews

Affected by COVID-19, the LLWD 2020 report was completed in 2021.



15

Public communication













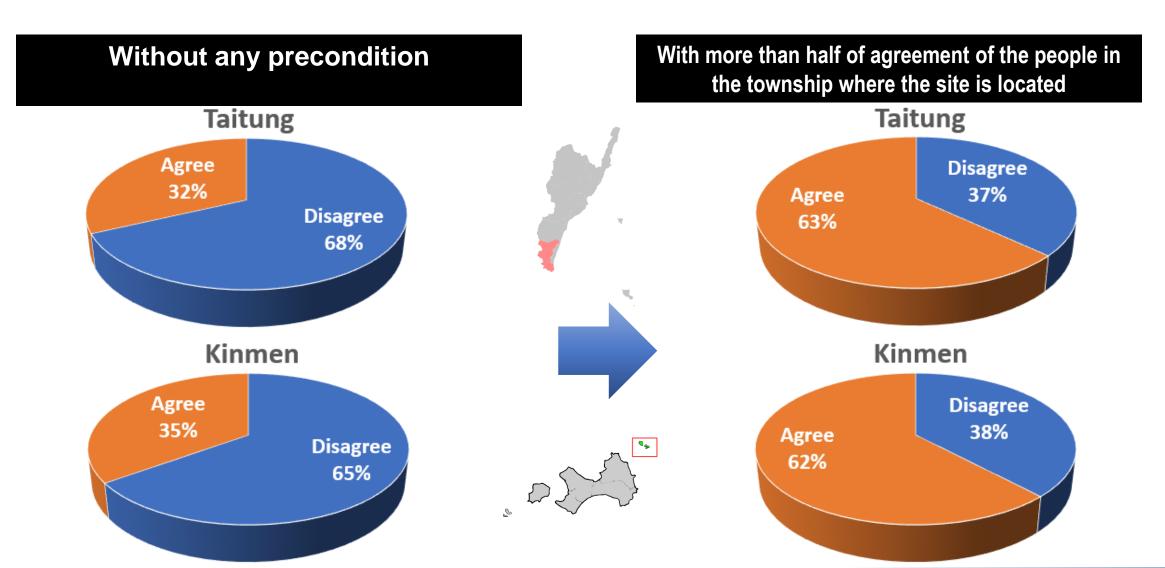




下懶人包-低放選址小學堂開場



Opinion Poll







3. Difficulties of LLWD in

Taiwan













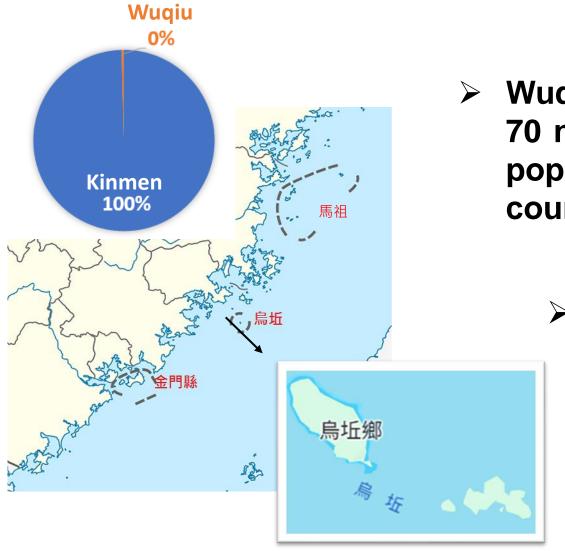
Reason why Taitung refused the referendum



➤ The Taitung County Council believes that the LLWD site determination must be reviewed by the council.

At present, the "Referendum Autonomy Ordinance" has not been legally prepared and has not been reviewed by the council. So we cannot assist in handling the referendum matters.

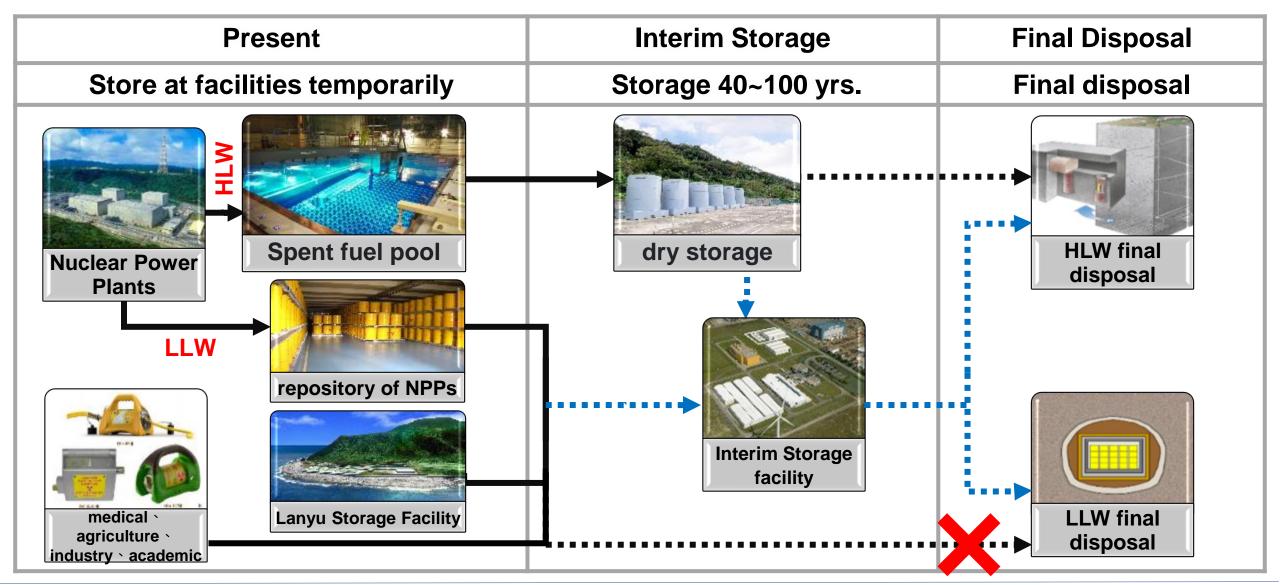
Reason why Kinmen refused the referendum



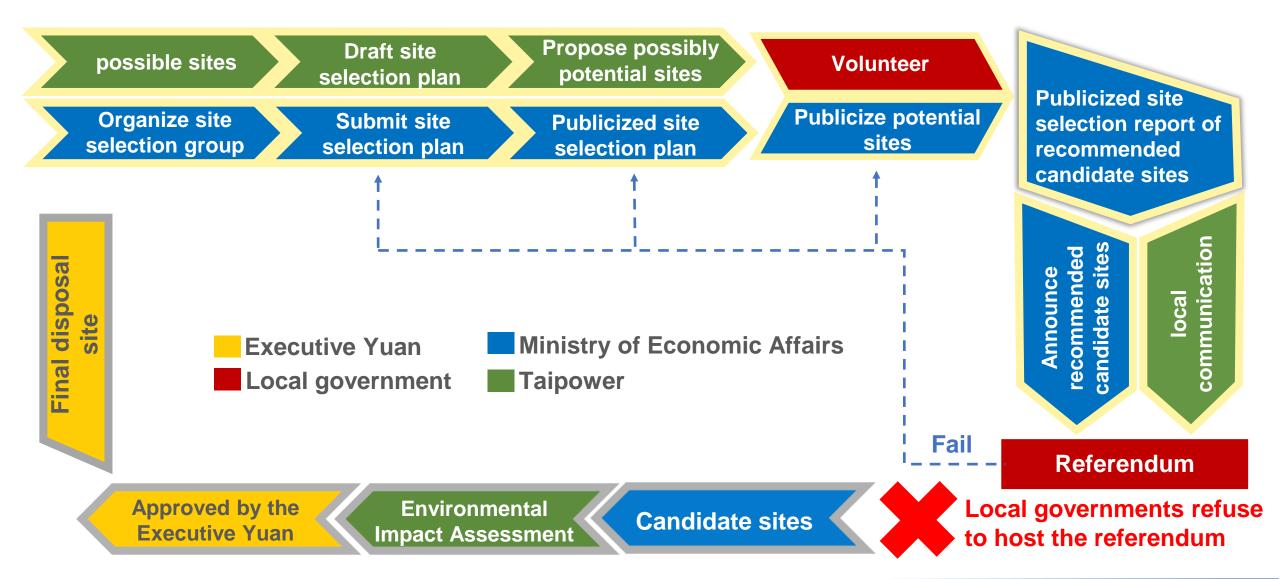
Wuqiu Township is an island isolated 70 nautical miles away. The township's population is less than 1% of the county's population.

> Using a "county" referendum to determine the LLWD site seems to be contrary to the "spirit of residents' self-determination."

Fallback plan of Taiwan radioactive waste management



Stalled in single path of site selection

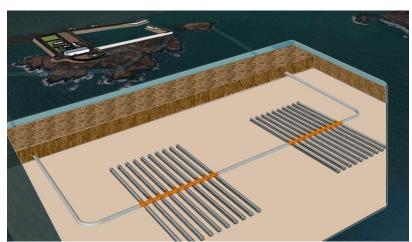






4.

Next steps in Taiwan LLWD













The schedule of LLWD R&D project

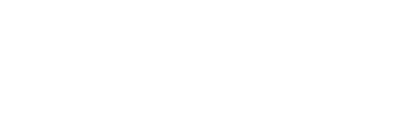


Current status of interim storage in Taiwan

Site selection criteria is going to establish:

✓ Requirements of geological conditions for sites

✓ Site selection process



The next steps...

• LLWD:

- ➤ Continuously improving the design results and ensuring the disposal system's robust safety
- Considering the study for the near-surface disposal facility to reduce the LLWD cost
- Considering to amend Low-level radioactive site selection regulations

Interim storage:

➤ Referring to the international experiences to formulate site environmental criteria and site selection procedures applicable to Taiwan









Thanks for your attention.

